



Worldwide Activity Holidays



Tour Management Handbook

GENERIC

Tour Management Handbook – Generic



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INTRODUCTION

The aim of this Handbook is to provide all group leaders with suggestions to:

- Help raise awareness to risk.
- To suggest guidance to help mitigate the risk.
- To manage risk pro-actively.

This handbook takes many of the component parts of a group tour, identifies potential risks and suggests guidance to manage them. The handbook is effectively a lot of “handy hints”. This particular handbook is generic in that its contents are written to apply to all of the tours that Venture Abroad develop and operate.

Please allow all adults within your group who are accompanying your tour to read and absorb the contents of this handbook. The suggestions made are intended to be helpful, realistic and practical and may be a useful addition to your own risk assessments.

All these aspects of risk are the responsibility of everyone. Being alert to risk and thinking and looking ahead are crucial for all participants on your tour.

The format of this handbook is as follows:

- A list of topics has been identified (see Contents Page).
- For each topic identified, an introductory paragraph has been written about it.
- After the introductory paragraph, a list of suggestions is offered for consideration.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Our risk assessment guidance relates solely to the activities, services and facilities we plan and provide for you as part of your tour. They will not apply in respect of any alternative arrangements you may make or if you deviate from the planned itinerary. You must carry out your own risk assessments in respect of any such alternative arrangements and ensure that any risks and/or hazards specific to your group are identified and managed appropriately.

Our risk assessments are based on our knowledge and experience, however we cannot guarantee that they identify every possible risk and eventuality which may arise. Whilst our risk management handbook may minimise the risks or hazards on tour, it is important to remember that factors can and do change and it is therefore imperative to continually monitor the situation.

COACH TRAVEL

For many groups, coach travel will be their sole mode of transport both between their UK departure point and foreign resort as well as whilst undertaking day to day journeys. For others, including those travelling by air, coach travel will feature once you arrive in resort. A private coach has many advantages over public transport. Your group is a single unit and control of all activities is very straightforward. Coaches usually have a microphone and instructions which can be used to impart information clearly and efficiently. After a while there develops a sense of "ownership" as everyone settles into their place with all their belongings and fellow group members around them.

Many things can be done to make the coach travel as safe as possible:

- All participants should have their attention drawn to all safety features on the coach e.g. the emergency exits.
- All participants should be requested to use seat belts where fitted throughout the duration of the tour. (Seatbelts only guaranteed on UK coaches.)
- Participants should not be out of their seats when the coach is in transit.
- Participants should always sit in their seat, facing forward and not kneeling or turning on their seat to face people who are in the seat behind or the seat across the aisle.
- Embarking and disembarking should always be done from the side of the coach that faces away from moving traffic.
- Embarking and disembarking should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door; single file entry/exit is recommended.
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach (usually only in a designated coach parking area e.g. at a Service Station) then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist.
- Any items stowed in the upper racks above the seats should only be lightweight e.g. jackets, small bags. All heavy/large items should be stowed below seat level.
- Where a participant needs to attract the attention of an adult when in transit, they should "pass the message down" via other participants rather than getting out of their seats.
- Participants with known travel sickness should be encouraged to take precautions that work for them. Adults should have ample supply of sick bags and paper towels/tissues.
- Participants should be encouraged to keep the coach interior clean and clutter free to ease movement around the coach; a supply of plastic carrier bags hung over every second arm rest can help this; larger black bin bags could be carried for decanting into.
- Knowing how to use the coach microphone and appropriate use of it can aid the issuing of information and clear instructions.
- When a coach has a toilet it should be discussed with your driver if it should be used or kept only for emergencies; otherwise, malodorous smells might become an issue if there are limited facilities to drop waste!
- Be aware that many coaches have CCTV in operation both inside and outside of the vehicle.

FERRY TRAVEL

The cross-channel ferries (and similar) are an efficient and enjoyable way to reach Europe. However, it is likely that your group will become separated as everyone enjoys the ship and its varied facilities. The ferry experience is a great opportunity to stretch legs, eat and to enjoy a variety of leisure activities whilst away from the confines of your coach.

- Participants with accessibility requirements should be brought to the attention at check-in and the ferry company's procedures will then take over (with an adult present too).
- Have identified adults at the head of your group and at the tail of your group as you disembark from your coach in the ferry's coach parking area below decks to account for all.
- Ensure that all participants know the number/name/colour of deck their coach is parked on.
- No participant returns to the coach/coach deck until the whole group assembles for ship disembarkation.
- Participants should have hands free in order to steady themselves.
- Ascending/descending the stairs from the coach parking area in the hold of the ship to the public areas should be done with care, slowly, with hands free and using the handrails.
- Use sub-groups as an efficient way to rally and check participants.
- Use the sub-groups once on board to ensure that all participants are on board and before being released.
- When participants are given free time, they should always go and stay in groups of at least three and be reminded of basic safety principals.
- Time(s) for meeting up and the place(s) to meet should be clearly stated and explained.
- All on board instructions as intimated and displayed by the ferry operator should be noted and adhered to.
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Whilst moving around the ship care should be taken to maintain balance and to avoid falling; no running or pushing/shoving; walk close to handrails for support.
- Where possible and realistic, participants should be seated.
- At all times feet should be kept on decks/stairways; no climbing/standing on seats/railings, etc.
- Areas designated by the ferry operator as off limits should be respected.
- On hearing the ship's announcement before disembarkation, all participants should report to the designated gathering point and, in sub-groups, be checked off by a responsible person.
- Once on board the coach again, all participants should be accounted for through their sub-groups before moving off.
- Groups with cabins on board the ferry will receive their cabin numbers on board. Groups should then be led to their cabins by the leader.

AIR TRAVEL

Air travel is a popular means of travel for many groups. Air travel is fast and can be particularly efficient in allowing a comprehensive itinerary to be accomplished in a short time period. However, airports are large places and there is a lot going on.

- The use of sub-groups throughout your tour is an efficient way to rally and check participants.
- Participants should know the sub-group to which they have been allocated and the adult who leads their sub-group. Adults should have printed lists of all such sub-groups.
- It is important to wait until each member of the group has checked in before proceeding through security to the departure lounge. Adults should check in amongst the group so that if the group is split up in any way, the adult to child ratio is not affected.
- Ensure that all participants (using sub-groups) know where and when to reassemble if they are to be released for some free time (e.g. to shop or visit a café).
- Establish a time by when the participants should have reassembled in order to proceed towards the gate together.
- When participants are given free time, they should always go and stay in groups of at least three and be reminded of basic safety principals.
- Before boarding the plane, suggest to participants that, when seated, they take out all items they'll need in flight so that there will be no need to go into the overhead lockers in flight.
- If embarking/disembarking the plane on a sky bridge (enclosed corridor), walk slowly on any slopes and take particular care at the junction between it and the body of the plane.
- If embarking/disembarking the plane walking across the runway, keep the participants together, with an adult leading at the front and an adult following the rear; no straying or stopping to take photos. Take care for slips and trips and take each step one at a time on the steps and keep hands free and use handrail.
- All safety procedures as explained by cabin crew/video should be watched with fullest concentration.
- When the plane lands participants should sit still and await permission to undo seatbelts; don't jump up immediately to get off the plane.
- Proceed as a group as you move through the airport, through passport control and customs with always a member of adults present to assist all participants.

USING PUBLIC TRANSPORT

It is envisaged that public transport will only be used by a group as a complete entity (as opposed to participants individually using public transport; this would not be recommended). Whether it is a train, an underground/overground light rail system or a bus service, there are a few basic ground rules to aid safe transportation.

- Participants should be made aware of exactly where they are headed and the procedures that will be involved in getting there on public transport; this you may to issue on paper (prepared in advance).
- Participants should be made aware that they should stay alert and keep their eyes on the adult to whose sub-group they belong to at all times whilst on public transport.
- Participants should be advised, if they fail to disembark the public transport at the appropriate stop, they should calmly remain on board, alight at the next stop and wait there until an adult arrives to collect them.
- Embarking and disembarking should always be done with an adult present to guide and assist at each of the doors being used.
- The use of sub-groups throughout your journey on public transport is an efficient way to keep the whole group accounted for.
- Participants should use and remain in seats where available when the public transport is in transit.
- When there are no seats available on public transport, participants should hold on to the provided handrails and grasps.
- All safety notices, procedures and instructions operated by the transport company should be noted and adhered to (on notices, on signs, from personnel and from intercoms/loudspeakers).
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Participants should always sit in their seat, facing directly ahead, not twisting on their seat to face people who are in the seat behind (or across the aisle).
- In advance of disembarkation the participants should be alerted to this fact and told that they will form into their sub-groups as soon as is convenient after alighting.
- A designated adult should be the last person from your party to disembark.
- Again, after alighting, use sub-groups to account for all participants.

AT SERVICE STATIONS

It is most likely that groups travelling by coach, will use several service stations on the journeys to and from the UK (both within the UK as well as abroad). They offer an opportunity to use toilets, freshen up, buy refreshments/snacks, and to stretch legs and limbs! But service stations are public places, there are many people around who are also in transit and there is significant movement of vehicles of all types (private and commercial). Care needs to be exercised.

- Embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s).
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist; single file entry/exit is recommended.
- Participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used wherever available.
- Participants should be led across to the service station buildings as a group, perhaps in sub-groups until inside the buildings.
- Time(s) for meeting up and the place(s) to meet should be clearly stated and explained.
- Adults should always be in the service station and in a visible location e.g. in a café whilst the participants are there.
- When participants are given free time, they should always go and stay in groups of at least three and be reminded of basic safety principles.
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Participants should be led across as a group or in sub-groups to return to the coach.
- All participants should be accounted for before moving off.

AT ACCOMMODATION CENTRES

Your groups' accommodation will be in an accommodation centre that you will have information on from your quotation, itinerary and its website in advance. On arrival, call in to reception to collect your room keys and receive any important information regarding your stay. Your group will be expected, and rooms will have been allocated.

Basic accommodation etiquette should also be advised to the children before allocating rooms e.g. the need to move quietly around the corridors; not to allow doors to bang; to keep noise of speaking, music and TV low in the room; to be considerate and respectful of others; and to adhere to lights out times.

- Participants should be allocated to rooms. The names of the occupants of each room should be noted down; copies of such should be made so that each adult holds a copy.
- Participants should also be informed which adults are in which rooms; they should be advised to write this down. The accommodation manager should also have this information.
- Adults should soon familiarise themselves with the location of fire doors, fire alarms, fire hydrants and emergency assembly points.
- Participants should be told to stay in their rooms, settle in and read and understand the fire/emergency instructions where located in their accommodation room.
- Adults should check with the participants that they have read and understood the fire/emergency instructions by systematically visiting the rooms.
- Participants should always keep their doors locked and should only open their doors to those voices that they recognise.
- Many accommodations will have balconies. It is at the discretion of the adults if and how/when they are allowed to be used but it is prudent to impart the following safety rules:
 - No leaning on or over the balcony railings/walls.
 - No climbing on the balcony railings/walls.
 - No moving between rooms by transferring across balconies.
 - No exceeding the weight/no. of persons limit for the balcony.
- Valuables (passport, money, cameras, electronic devices etc.) ought to be taken with the participant at all times (or put into the accommodation/room safety deposit).
- Adults may wish to collect and retain all passports for the duration of the stay for all participants on arrival (and store in the accommodation safe, where available).
- Where an accommodation has an elevator, and the decision has been made by the adults to allow them to be used (and the accommodation centre agrees), then the elevator regulations must be adhered to e.g. the capacity of the lift, maximum weight/people limits.

IN A CITY/FREE TIME

There will be occasions when you allow your group some free time in your resort or a town/city on your itinerary for some relaxation – and no doubt some shopping! This can be an excellent aspect of a tour as it allows everyone a little bit of freedom to experience a foreign culture at their own pace. But, being an unfamiliar place, often a foreign country and being amongst a large, unknown population, precautions need to be advised to the participants as they will be without direct supervision.

- Participants should always stay in groups of at least three at all times.
- If only some participants are going into town from the accommodation (rather than the whole group when you are away somewhere) then these participants should have their names logged out and logged back in by the personal appearance of each child to an adult. A note should be made of where the participants are going and the time by which they must be back and reported in.
- Participants should be given the time(s) by which they should return and the place(s) to which they should return.
- Adult(s) should be available at a place known to the participants for the duration of the time that the participants are on free time.
- All participants should be provided with and carry with them at all times a note of contact numbers and details should they need to call an adult or the accommodation.
- Participants should be reminded of the rules of the road of the country they are in, to be careful of traffic and to only crossroads at designated points (e.g. zebra crossings).
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Participants should be discreet with their wallets/purses and purchases.
- Alert the participant to the chance of pickpockets and advise how to take steps to minimise risk.
- Mobile phones might be an item for participants to carry discreetly (if it operates in the country).
- All participants should be accounted for after their free time through their sub-groups.
- Participants should be advised of wearing appropriate clothing as well as the carrying of other clothing to match changing weather conditions during the day.

IN A THEME PARK

Spending time in a theme park can be fun and enjoyable. All theme parks operate under strict safety codes as part of their license (some of which are available on the theme park's own website) and this in itself should be reassuring. However, once again, participants will be without direct supervision for most of the time whilst in the theme park and they will be moving amongst crowds of unknown people.

- Embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s).
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist; single file entry/exit is recommended.
- Participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used to reach the theme park's entrance.
- Participants should walk across to the theme park entrance gate as a group until inside the park.
- The time(s) for meeting up and the place(s) to meet should be clearly stated and explained.
- Adults should always be in the theme park whilst the participants are there.
- All participants should be provided with and carry with them at all times a note of contact numbers and details should they need to call an adult or the accommodation.
- When participants are in the theme park they should always go and stay in groups of at least three and be reminded of basic safety principals.
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Participants should at all times adhere to the information and instructions given by the signs and personnel of the theme park.
- The individual rides/activities will have specific rules on display or related by the theme park personnel; they should be fully adhered to.
- Participants should be made aware that it is the theme park adults who are the people to approach for help/assistance in the first instance when no adult is present.
- Participants should be advised of wearing appropriate clothing as well as the carrying of other clothing to match changing weather conditions during the day.
- Depending on the weather conditions on the day, water, drinks, food should be carried at all times in order to maintain energy/hydration levels.
- At all times all participants should stay within the grounds of the theme park.
- All participants should assemble at a designated meeting point and all accounted for before being led back to their coach by the adults.
- Participants should then be led across as a group or in sub-groups to return to the coach.
- All participants should be accounted for before moving off.

VISITING A MUSEUM/GALLERY

A visit to a museum/gallery may be a fully structured event with your group being led by a guide. In such a situation your group will be under close supervision by your own adults as well as the museum adults.

However, on other occasions (e.g. in more interactive museums) the members of your group will be free to roam around the building complex at their own speed and to follow particular interests.

- Embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s).
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist; single file entry/exit is recommended.
- Participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used wherever available to reach the entrance door of the museum/gallery.
- Participants should walk across to the museum's/gallery's entrance door as a group until inside.
- The time(s) for meeting up and the place(s) to meet should be clearly stated and explained. If the museum has its own specific rules for group visits, these should be read out to the children and adhered to.
- Adults should always be in the museum/gallery whilst the participants are there.
- When participants are in the museum/gallery they should always go and stay in groups of at least three.
- Participants should be encouraged to remain self-contained within their own group and not to become involved with any other members of the public.
- Participants should at all times adhere to the information and instructions given by the signs and personnel of the museum/gallery.
- Participants should be made aware that it is the museum's/gallery's staff that are the people to approach for help/assistance in the first instance when no adult is present.
- At all times all participants should stay within the building/complex of the museum/gallery.
- All participants should assemble at a designated meeting point and all accounted for before being led back to their coach by the adults.
- Participants should then be led across as a group or in sub-groups to return to the coach.
- All participants should be accounted for before moving off.

BOAT TRIPS/WATER TAXIS

A boat trip refers to a trip on water where the boat company is operating the service and official crew are on board the boat with your group at all stages of the event. In such situations the boat company are operating under strict licensing rules, and the boat trip will have been arranged in advance on your group's behalf. Such tours operated by companies not approved by Venture Abroad should not be taken.

- The wearing of appropriate clothing and the carrying of other clothing to match the present and changing weather conditions during the activity (weather is cooler over water) is recommended.
- Embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s); single file entry/exit is essential.
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist.
- Participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used to reach the quay/jetty.
- Participants should walk across to the quay/jetty as a group to the embarkation point.
- Participants should have hands free at all times in order to steady/support themselves.
- Participants should be aware of slippery surfaces on the walkway/gangway (especially when wet) and to walk slowly and keeping a hold of the handrail.
- Once on board, all signs and information/instructions issued by the boat personnel should be noted, understood and adhered to.
- Full attention should be paid to all safety instruction given.
- Whilst moving around the ship care should be taken to maintain balance and to avoid falling; no running or pushing/shoving.
- Where possible and realistic, participants should be seated.
- At all times feet should be kept on decks/stairways; no climbing/standing on seats/railings, etc.
- Areas designated as off limits by the boat company should be respected.
- Before disembarkation, all participants should report to their in sub-group leader to be checked.
- Once on board the coach, all participants should be accounted for through their sub-groups.

CHAIRLIFTS/CABLE CARS/TELECABINES/HIGH ALTITUDES

Viewing from a height always adds an extra perspective to a person's appreciation of the scenery. All chairlift/cable car/telecabine companies have their operating license as a result of adhering to strict safety and procedural guidelines but for all participants there is potential risk and, for some individuals, there can be an associated fear. Raising awareness of risk is very important as is the identification of those participants who may suffer from certain conditions that might lead to the decision being made for their non-participation in the activity.

- Participants with asthma, agoraphobia and claustrophobia should be identified before their departure from the UK and professional medical advice taken as to the appropriateness of their suitability to participate in this activity.
- Any participant unable to take part in the activity must remain in an appropriate location under the direct supervision of an adult for the duration of the activity.
- All participants for whom asthma, agoraphobia and claustrophobia presents during the activity will need to alert adults to the symptoms and take alleviating actions.
- Agoraphobics may manage the activity if enclosed in the middle of a group of their peers and/or kept away from the windows of a telecabine; but ultimately this will be the individual's decision.
- Claustrophobics may manage the activity if they are able to have extra space around them or being positioned at the windows of a telecabine; but ultimately this will be the decision of the sufferer.
- At high altitude the air is thin; breathing can be more demanding; walk very slowly on arrival at the upper stations, taking frequent rests (perhaps seated); do not rush/run.
- The wearing of appropriate clothing and the carrying of other clothing to match the present and changing weather conditions during the activity is recommended (warm, windproof and rainproof); this should include hat, scarf and gloves.
- Embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s).
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist; single file entry/exit is essential.
- Participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used wherever available to reach the chairlift/cable car/telecabine.
- Participants should walk across to the chairlift/cable car/telecabine as a group.
- All display signs and information boards as well as the instructions issued by the chairlift/cable car/telecabine staff should be noted, understood and adhered to.
- Your adults should assist in the formation of an orderly queue for your group's embarkation.
- Loading/unloading of the chairlift/cable car/telecabine will be done under the direction and instruction of the activity staff.
- An adult should accompany the first and last participants going up/down in a chairlift/cable car/telecabine.
- Participants should have hands free at all times in order to steady/support themselves.
- In a chairlift/cable car do not carry any loose/unattached items that could fall overboard.
- Anticipate the arrival for loading of the chairlift/cable car/telecabine and prepare for embarkation.
- In a chairlift, always keep the retaining bar down over the laps of the participants.
- Stability is essential at all times; remain seated with no standing up or moving around in chairlifts/cable cars.
- Do not attempt to make the chairlift/cable car rock.
- In a telecabine, minimal movement is also essential to maintain stability.
- In a telecabine hold on to handrails for stability at all times.
- Anticipate the passage of the chairlift/cable car/telecabine hanging mechanism over the support pylons as this can be frightening and may make the chairlift/cable car/telecabine rock.
- Anticipate the arrival of the chairlift/cable car/telecabine at the station and prepare to disembark.

AT THE BEACH/COAST

Some leisure time at the beach may be an option for groups who wish to have some down time in between activities, if there is time for it! It is, however, the strong recommendation of Venture Abroad that if some leisure time is given at a beach/coastal area that this is a closely supervised activity throughout and that nobody enters the water. There are plenty other occasions when swimming can be an option i.e. in a managed swimming pool and/or in a water park.

- Visits to the beach/coast should only be taken as a supervised activity with an adequate number of adults present to supervise it, appropriate to the number of participants.
- Participants must at no time go to the beach/coast informally or on their own.
- Groups should operate in sub-groups, both to visit and return from the beach/coast.
- If visiting the beach/coast from the coach, embarking and disembarking the coach should always be done with adults present to guide and assist at the door(s).
- Where it is possible to embark and disembark from two doors on the coach then both doors should have adults present to guide and assist; single file entry/exit is essential.
- At all times, participants should be aware of moving traffic from several directions and manoeuvring traffic into/out of parking places and along roads/promenades.
- Pedestrian crossings/walkways should be used wherever available to reach the beach/coast.
- Participants should walk across to the beach/coast as a group to the embarkation point.
- Once at the beach/coast, the area to be used by your group should be identified and delineated and stated to all participants.
- In selecting an area in which to settle, take note of the waves (their swash and backwash), the state of the tide and whether the tide is rising or falling; position the group well above high tide mark.
- Once settled, the group should remain in the identified area.
- Sensible precautions should be taken against sunburn, heatstroke and dehydration (sun cream, covering up, sunglasses and drinking water regularly; adults should regularly monitor all participants' adherence to these above precautions.
- If the visited area of coastline is cliffed then all participants should at all times remain behind safety barriers (no climbing) and, where none exist, all should stay back three metres from the cliff edge.
- Should any member of the group wish to go to the toilet or for some food/ice cream etc. then they only do so once permission has been granted by a member of adults and the place to which they are going has been identified; participants should only then proceed accompanied by either two other participants or an adult.
- If a group wishes to play Frisbee, football or similar, then an appropriate and safe area should be identified for this with a member of adults in attendance to supervise.
- Nobody should use inflatables of any type e.g. lilos as they can quickly drift out to sea.
- There may be a flag system in operation on the beach; RED is for danger; YELLOW tells swimmers to be cautious, and GREEN means it is safe. But even if GREEN, unpredictable currents can occur.
- Nobody should hire any types of craft to go out on to the water e.g. pedalos.
- Supervisory adults should sit in a prominent and readily accessible location whilst supervising the children (and this position should be made known to the children on arrival at the beach/coast).
- Children should not dig into sand of the beach, nor should they dig into sand dunes (nor sit/play beneath overhanging sand dunes).
- As a precaution against cuts from glass/sharp plastic on the beach, children should be encouraged to wear footwear e.g. flip-flops or jelly shoes.

IN THE COUNTRYSIDE

Many groups may be generally in the countryside as they go about their particular itinerary. The advice below is to minimise the risk of E. coli 0157 and so they too should pay attention to the advice.

- You should wear strong, comfortable shoes; Hiking/Wellington boots can be good options.
- Don't eat anything i.e. sweets and crisps or have drinks whilst you walk around.
- Don't climb on any walls, gates or fences.
- Remember not to pick up or touch any tools which are lying around because they may be dirty and dangerous.
- Do not go near any machinery/implements/plant, operating or not.
- Stay calm and quiet; don't make lots of noise and scare the animals.
- Always wash your hands after touching the animals, soil, animal feed, farm products, fertilizers and pesticides.
- Never touch one of the animals without permission.
- Don't kiss any of the animals.
- Always wash and dry your hands before eating and drinking anything and after using the toilet.
- Remember to wash your hands very carefully before you leave, using plenty of warm soapy water.
- Only have snacks and packed lunches in designated eating areas.
- Make sure your shoes or boots are as clean as you can get them, taking special care to check for animal droppings. Ask an adult to check them for you.

WATCHING THE WEATHER

The climate facts for an area are not necessarily representative of what participants will actually experience whilst out on tour. Any area's climate is the result of taking averages of weather factors over a period of many years. Therefore, whilst away on tour, a wide range of weather phenomena may be encountered. As a result, they need to be considered, their risks assessed and their control measures identified and adopted. At all times throughout the duration of your tour, it is the adult(s) who must judge whether the prevailing weather conditions are acceptable for the planned itinerary and whether alternatives need to be put in place. Access to an up-to-date professional weather forecast plus knowledge from a local (e.g. your accommodation host or local guide) will be invaluable in this decision.

SUNSHINE/SOLAR RADIATION: Sunburn and skin cancer may result from exposure to solar radiation. Dehydration and heat exhaustion may also result. The brightness of the sun may damage sight (temporarily and/or longer term). Do note that it does not need to be a clear blue sky for solar radiation to need to be a considered factor; even on cloudy days solar radiation can be intense especially when out in the open for a prolonged period of time.

- Participants should apply sunscreen of factor 30 (or greater) to all areas of exposed skin before going outside when deemed to be necessary; sunscreen should then be carried with the person.
- Sunscreen should be repeatedly applied throughout the day (and also after swimming)
- A hat with a wide brim should be worn at all times.
- The strongest sun's rays are experienced between 10.00 and 16.00 and so are best avoided.
- Sunglasses should be worn to reduce glare and to block UV (but they may limit vision)
- At the first sign of sunburn, those areas of exposed flesh should be covered up with high factor clothing, and the person(s) should stay out of the sun.
- Water should be carried and sipped throughout the period outside by all participants.
- Adults should carry and offer an extra supply of high factor sunscreen.
- Adults should carry and offer an extra supply of water.
- Adults should insist that the above precautions be taken by all participants at all times.

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING: Lightning is unpredictable and should be regarded with extreme respect.

- Abandon the activity if the conditions are deemed unsuitable.
- Storms can be frightening; offer reassurance to all participants in a calm manner.
- Stay indoors during a thunderstorm and if you are travelling, stay in the vehicle.
- If indoors, stay away from windows, don't hold any metal object or use electrical appliances.
- Do not take a bath or shower during the storm.
- If outside, seek refuge in your coach as soon as possible.
- Avoid standing in small, isolated sheds or other small structures in open areas.
- In open areas go to a low place such as a ravine or a valley (and be alert for flash floods)
- In a forest, seek shelter in a low area under a thick growth of small trees (not under a tall tree)
- If outside, and not near any refuge, all participants should lie low on the ground and minimise projecting above the surrounding landscape.
- Do not lie flat on the ground; drop to your knees, bend forward, put your hands on your knees; keep feet close together; avoid contact between hands and ground.
- Do not stand underneath a natural lightning attractor e.g. a tall, isolated tree, a mast.
- Move away from wire fences, metal pipes, rails and other metallic items.
- Move away from tractors and other metal farm equipment.
- Avoid using a telephone, except for emergencies.
- Get out of and away from open water.
- Get off bicycles; put down golf clubs.

SNOW: Snow can be a “magnet” to people, but it can be potentially dangerous as well.

- Abandon the activity if the conditions are deemed unsuitable.
- Wear clothing and footwear appropriate to the weather conditions (including gloves, scarf, hat)
- Several thinner layers of clothing are better than one single bulky item.
- When out in snow only go where the snow has been cleared and paths treated
- Ensure that the clothing and footwear of every participant is appropriate to the conditions.
- Do not allow snow play, the throwing of snowballs and the making of snowpersons/objects.
- Keep your group together at all times with nobody or small groups of people wandering off.
- Ensure that all participants remain warm and protected even on returning indoors; arrange to dry clothing and to have hot drinks made available.
- Carry some high energy food for those who need it e.g. chocolate.

FROSTY/ICY CONDITIONS: These can occur under both low- and high-pressure weather systems. Under high pressure, the clear skies and still air can be deceptive.

- Abandon the activity if the conditions are deemed unsuitable.
- Wear clothing and footwear appropriate to the weather conditions (including gloves, scarf, hat)
- Several thinner layers of clothing are better than one single bulky item.
- Two pairs of socks are better than one.
- Try to avoid perspiring.
- Walk slowly and deliberately.
- Where possible, walk on treated routes.
- Keep both hands free to aid stability and to assist in a slip.
- Be aware of frostbite (especially if the conditions are windy too), check participants frequently.
- Carry some high energy food for those who might need it e.g. chocolate.

STRONG WINDS: Wind can remove body heat very quickly (the wind chill factor) and so steps must be taken to maintain body heat.

- Abandon the activity if the wind speed (presently/forecasted) is deemed too high.
- Wear clothing and footwear appropriate to the weather conditions (including gloves, scarf, hat)
- Clothing should be inherently warm as well as windproof.
- Anticipate the wind’s strength and be prepared for it.
- Keep well back from any edges from which there is a drop of any distance.
- Protect the slight/light members of your group.
- Be aware of frostbite resulting from wind chill and check participants frequently.
- Cracked lips can result; apply lip balm before going out.
- Carry some high energy food for those who might need it e.g. chocolate.

HEALTH MATTERS

Throughout the duration of your tour the health and welfare of your participants will be paramount. From before departure from the UK, you will have assembled written records on health and diet for everyone. It is also a good idea to have individual chats with the participants (with the parent/guardian/carer's permission) in order to complete the information available. A designated Health and Welfare adult might be appointed to be in overall charge at this stage and whilst away. Most of your visit/activity locations and your service providers will have basic first aid items available on site.

- All leaders should be aware of and read the insurance policy associated with your tour; it describes the cover and the procedures should you need to seek professional medical help.
- In your final documents from Venture Abroad there will be lists of contact details for all appropriate health services in the vicinity of your resort.
- All adults should be provided with comprehensive and up-to-date lists of the medical situations and dietary needs for all participants.
- These lists should be compiled in the time before departure from the UK.
- These lists should be updated between time of initial compilation and departure day; all participants should be encouraged to comply with this.
- An EHIC/GHIC card (obtained by the participant's family) should be carried for all participants travelling within the EU and EEC member states.
- Where a participant has a particular prescription that is essential, then sufficient supplies should be carried from the UK (and the prescription taken on the tour).
- There should be a designated First Aider/Health and Welfare adult in your party.
- The designated First Aider/Health and Welfare adult should be responsible for the retention of all participants' medications (clearly labelled with ownership).
- The designated First Aider/Health and Welfare adult should be responsible for the allocation of all medicines at the appropriate times each day.
- Throughout the duration of your tour, adults should carry a first aid kit as well as the medications (and spare inhalers and the like – clearly labelled with the participants name) of particular participants; they could be needed at any time.
- Remember that the participant must ask you for an item from the First Aid kit; you can suggest what they might need but they must make the request for it.
- All participants should be encouraged to report any feelings of illness/anxiety at an early stage to adult/leader e.g. the development of a headache.
- Group leaders are advised to keep a medical event diary stating the participant's name, their medical complaint and any action that was taken/medicine given.
- A buddy system amongst the children might assist in the adults becoming aware of a participant with a possible problem.
- Under hot conditions, water must be carried and consumed.

FIRST AID

It is recommended that the following form the minimum provision for a travelling first aid box where no specific risk has been identified:

- A leaflet giving general advice on first aid.
- Six individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings.
- One large sterile non medicated wound dressing approximately 18cm x 18cm.
- Two triangular bandages
- Two safety pins
- Individually wrapped moist cleansing wipes
- One pair of disposable gloves
- A resuscitator/face shield (for hygienic mouth to mouth resuscitation)

EMOTIONAL VISITS

As part of your tour, you may wish to visit places that are very emotive that the children may not have experienced before. Places such as WWI Battlefield Memorials and Cemeteries and the Last Post Ceremony at the Menin Gate may cause distress. Whilst some parents would not want their child to visit these places, and request that they be excluded from the visit, we hope that these guidelines help you include all participants, whilst re-assuring parents that the emotional needs of their child have been taken into account.

- Warn all participants in advance that the visit may cause distress.
- If you have a guide accompanying you, ask them to warn the group of areas of particular distress, so individuals can opt out if they wish (providing an adult is with them at all times.)
- Provide tissues during the visit.
- After the visit, allow the children an opportunity to reflect on what they've seen, either in groups or individually, so they have time to discuss the impact of the visit on them. Co-counselling in groups of two is our recommended suggestion.
- Ensure that a lighter excursion is planned for the evening to give children the chance to switch off.
- Have an adult responsible for emotional wellbeing.